

DEMOPOPS HAVE NOTIFIED BRYAN AND STEVENSON

That They Are the Nominees for President and Vice President of the Party.

A PYROTECHNICAL DISPLAY.

Large Crowd Present to Hear the Speakers Prate on Imperialism. Webster Davis in the Push.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 8.—William J. Bryan, of Nebraska, and Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois, were notified of their nomination for the offices of president and vice-president of the Republic, in Military park, this afternoon.

Thousands of people witnessed the ceremonies. Senator James K. Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee, was introduced by Mayor Taggart, as presiding officer of the occasion. Senator Jones, in a brief speech, introduced Congressman James B. Richardson, of Tennessee. Congressman Richardson was received with wild cheers as he mounted the stand to officially notify Mr. Bryan of the fact that he had been selected as presidential nominee of the Democratic convention at Kansas City.

Bryan Begins His Address. When Mr. Bryan arose to reply a demonstration occurred, which, perhaps, has never been equalled in this city. When order was finally restored Mr. Bryan began his address, which was of considerable length. Cheer upon cheer greeted him at every telling period.

Governor Thomas, of Colorado, followed, notifying Mr. Stevenson of his nomination. Mr. Stevenson replied in a somewhat shorter speech than that of Mr. Bryan.

Visitors and residents alike awaited somewhat impatiently to-day the ceremonies which were to witness the formal notification of Bryan and Stevenson of their nomination at Kansas City.

The time named for the beginning of the ceremony was 2 o'clock.

Good Nature Generally Prevailed.

This hour was chosen because large numbers of visitors were expected to arrive during the forenoon. The weather was hot and many persons who sought early positions of vantage on the street or in Military park, found their berths not entirely comfortable for so long a time. Nevertheless, good nature generally prevailed, and they generally maintained their positions with a grim determination to hold out to the end.

The unofficial weather wisecracks had yesterday predicted rain for the day, thus causing no little uneasiness to the managers of the notification ceremony, which had made all their arrangements to have the affair take place in the spacious grounds of the Indianapolis chief breathing spot—Military park. They were therefore much relieved to find the sun shining with its customary Indiana brilliancy when they started out for the day, and they did not grow especially apprehensive when later in the day the sky became overcast by white clouds. A slight drop in the temperature served to assuage to some extent the anxiety of the forenoon on the part of those who were to march through the streets for the edification of their friends.

Excursion Parties Arrive.

The tedium of the forenoon was relieved largely by the arrival of a number of excursion parties from neighboring cities and towns. These parties were escorted through the streets by local or visiting bands. The main streets and the principal hotels were handsomely decorated. Huge flags were suspended from wires strung across the thoroughfares along the line of march; small banners fluttered in the breeze from many windows; bunting clamored ambitiously upon almost every available pillar and swung loosely along many a vacant wall. Bryan and Stevenson portraits were in evidence everywhere, and in many cases these were decorated with the national colors. Altogether, taking into consideration the presence of so many strangers, including numerous people of national prominence, the music in the streets, the political talk heard on all sides and the decorations, the Indiana capital took on a decided convention air.

Procession Late in Getting Off.

The procession, which was announced to start at 1:15 p. m., like all processions, was late in getting off, but when once in motion, it moved along with somewhat more than the usual celerity. The parade was directed by Hon. Charles A. Garrard, as chief marshal. In the line of march were many political organizations and a number of clubs from the surrounding country, but the places of honor were given to the Cook County Democracy, of Chicago; to the Duckworth club of Cincinnati; and to the Jackson club, of Terre Haute. These clubs were present in large numbers, accompanied by bands. The men were generally portly fellows, uniquely dressed.

The line of march was not large, but covered some of the principal streets. At the Grand hotel a stop was made and Messrs. Bryan and Stevenson, their families, the members of the notification committee and others entered carriages and joined the procession.

Candidates Anxious to Get Through.

The candidates had been patiently awaiting the arrival of the procession since early morning. They had spent the time in irregular conferences with men of prominence from various parts of the country, and in hand shaking with the throngs of people who beset them at every turn. It was evident that they felt anxious to have the notification ceremonies disposed of as soon as practicable.

The equipages moved in the following order: First carriage—W. J. Bryan, Senator

J. K. Jones, Hon. J. B. Richardson and Mayor Taggart of Indianapolis. Second—A. E. Stevenson, Governor Charles S. Thomas of Colorado; Hon. D. K. Campau, of Michigan, and Hon. Park, chairman of the Indiana State Democratic committee. Third—Messrs. J. G. Johnson, chairman of the national executive committee; C. A. Walsh, Secretary J. M. Guffey, of Pennsylvania, and Mr. Dunlap. Fourth—Messrs. Webster Davis, of Missouri; Breathitt, of Arizona; Neely, of Texas; Johnson, of Kansas, and Urey Woodson, of Kentucky. Fifth—H. D. Clayton, of Alabama; Senator Blackburn, of Kentucky; J. L. Norris, of the District of Columbia, and Robert E. Burke, chairman of the Cook county Democracy, Chicago.

All Escorted by Marching Clubs.

These were followed by 182 members of the two notification committees, in carriages, and by the ladies accompanying the various delegations and distinguished citizens.

All the carriages were escorted by the marching clubs from various parts of the country, under the direction of Colonel John T. Martin, sergeant-at-arms of the national convention.

When the entrance to military park was finally reached the official party alighted with promptness and the stand erected for the accommodation of the notables was soon filled. This stand appeared a structure of national colors, so many were the stars and stripes shown everywhere. Numerous portraits of Bryan and Stevenson were also exhibited, as were also portraits of John R. Kern, the Democratic candidate for governor of Indiana.

Senator Jones, as chairman of the national committee, presided.

At 2:58 o'clock Messrs. Bryan and Stevenson, Senator Jones and others appeared on the platform amid deafening cheers.

Richardson's Hard Task.

At 3:05 Mayor Taggart called the meeting to order. He welcomed the candidates and the notification committee in a brief speech.

Chairman Jones introduced Congressman Richardson, who began speaking at 3:11.

Probably no man ever made an important speech under greater difficulties—the sun was throwing its rays directly upon many of his auditors, and, besides, they were present to hear Mr. Bryan. In this crowd, where a hand once down could not be raised, and once raised could not be lowered, were old men, frail women and small children. Soon the mass began to sway back and forth through the efforts of those in the rear to get nearer the speakers. There were a few screams, more groans, and it became necessary to get some of the feeble people out of the crush. There were loud cries of "cut it short," "give Bryan a chance," "we can't stand it here," and other signs of impatience.

For a time Mr. Richardson did not appear perturbed by this clamor, but when there appeared to be real danger of serious results, he brought his remarks to a somewhat precipitate close, speaking for only about fifteen minutes. Notwithstanding the general confusion, Mr. Richardson was liberally applauded, especially when he spoke of "Sulu slavery and Oriental harlems."

Mr. Bryan Begins.

There was an immediate change of deportment on the part of the crowd when Mr. Bryan arose. He was introduced at 3:30 by Chairman Jones. As if ordered for the occasion, a light breeze sprang up, bringing some relief to the overheated mass of humanity. After one burst of applause the crowd quieted down and remained well behaved throughout the delivery of the speech. There were occasional cries of "louder," when Mr. Bryan first began to speak, but these were offset by huzzas for the speaker. After a few contests of this kind the auditors made no further signs except to applaud the points of the speech.

Mr. Bryan read his speech, departing not from his manuscript except in a word of explanation at the beginning of his address. He was sitting immediately to the left of Senator Jones when he was presented by that gentleman. He arose promptly and was immediately recognized by the entire assemblage.

Mr. Bryan never appeared to better advantage. His voice was far reaching, and that he was heard at a great distance was made evident by the fact that people far out in the crowd listened apparently as intently as did those who sat on the platform.

Sentiments That Were Applauded.

Among the sentiments of the speech which were applauded with especial zest were those declaring that under existing circumstances "we dare not educate the Filipinos lest they learn to read the Declaration of Independence, and the constitution of the United States; that we would never agree to change the glory of this country for that of all the empires; that it is not necessary to own a people to trade with them," and "that the command of 'Go ye into all the world, and preach the gospel' has no Gatling gun attachment."

There was also general cheering over the speaker's promise to convene congress immediately to remedy the Philippine situation if he were elected. No part of the address received the earnest commendation that was bestowed upon the peroration. This called out an outburst that was both tumultuous and prolonged.

Mr. Bryan spoke a few words extemporaneously in introducing his speech, all of which, except the peroration, was read from manuscript. The closing sentences were repeated from memory in a most effective manner. The extemporaneous introduction was as follows:

"I feel that I owe an apology or explanation to the people who are to listen for the fact that I must read what I am going to say. It would be more pleasant to me and more agreeable to you to speak without notes, but I want to address that larger constituency which we reach through the newspapers, for it is a thousand times as numerous as any crowd that could assemble here, and therefore, in order that I may speak to all throughout the land, I have committed to writing

FOR MIDDLE-AGED WOMEN.

Two Letters from Women Helped Through the "Change of Life" by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—When I first wrote to you I was in a very bad condition. I was passing through the change of life, and the doctors said I had bladder and liver trouble. I had suffered for nine years. Doctors failed to do me any good. Since I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, my health has improved very much. I will gladly recommend your medicine to others and am sure that it will prove as great a blessing to them as it has to me."—Mrs. Geo. H. JUNE, 901 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Relief Came Promptly

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I had been under treatment with the doctors for four years, and seemed to get no better. I thought I would try your medicine. My trouble was change of life, and I must say that I never had anything help me so much as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Relief came almost immediately. I have better health now than I ever had. I feel like a new woman, perfectly strong. I give Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound all the credit, and would not do without her medicine for anything. I have recommended it to several of my friends. There is no need of women suffering so much for Mrs. Pinkham's remedies are a sure cure."—MAHALA BUTLER, Bridge-water, Ill.

Another Woman Helped

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound during change of life and derived great benefit from its use."—MARY E. JAMES, 136 Ceydon St., Bradford, Pa.

what I desire to say, and will ask your indulgence while I read my speech."

Stevenson Slightly Nervous.

Mr. Bryan concluded at 4:40, and was promptly followed by Governor C. S. Thomas, of Colorado, who introduced Mr. Stevenson. Mr. Thomas spoke only ten minutes. He received very general attention, and was given frequent and generous applause.

Mr. Stevenson was apparently slightly nervous as the time approached for him to take the stand, but he soon gained confidence as he proceeded. Mr. Bryan led the liberal applause which greeted the appearance of his fellow candidate as he advanced to the front, and many points of the speech were liberally punctuated by a repetition of applause as the speech proceeded. He read from his manuscript, but held the majority of his audience to the end. Mr. Stevenson closed amid liberal applause at 6:20 o'clock. Senator Jones then declared the meeting adjourned sine die.

ENGLISH WAR LOAN

Made by Bankers in This Country Creates Comment Across the Waters—America Recognized as the "World's New Banker."

LONDON, Aug. 8.—The allotment of £5,000,000 of the £10,000,000 of the war loan to the United States is received in the higher financial world as a good thing for London in the present position of the English banks. The brokers and small investors severely, almost passionately, criticize the chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, for privately arranging for half of the so-called public loan, and allowing the investment "plum" to go out of the country.

The Bank of England advised Sir Michael to accept the American offer, which was made early last week through J. S. Morgan & Co. and the Barings, the joint takers, pointing out that this was an easy and natural way to bring in gold and save the exports to the United States in October. Otherwise the bank rate might have to be raised to 5 or 6 per cent, and extraordinary measures would have to be taken to increase the gold reserve.

Loan Easily Negotiated.

The Barings informed the Associated Press that though the loan was more than subscribed in New York before the agreement was closed with Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, it was not twice covered, as it was expected it would be, by the negotiators here. The Morgans said the insurance companies were large subscribers, and both the Morgans and Barings said a large portion of the millions would come in gold. Two million pounds, it is understood, is already engaged.

The critics of the chancellor of the exchequer point out that the loan was worth 2-10 per cent; that it was so excellent a thing that every pound should have been kept here; that even if the American offer was accepted it should have been done differently, and that to ask for subscriptions to ten millions when five millions were already allotted was rather tricky.

Generally, however, there is a feeling of satisfaction in financial circles over the easier money prospect.

The Pall Mall Gazette says: "The loan shows America will occupy a new role in the future—that of lender. Ere long American operators and investors will interest themselves in the international group and be a factor to be reckoned with."

America's New Role as a Lender.

The Westminster Gazette, under the heading "The treasury's insult to the city; America financing our war," says: "Attempts are being made to organize a deputation to protest against the sudden closing of the applications for the latest war loan; but it is doubtful whether it can get more than the chancellor's expression of regret if disappointment was caused. There was little use in opening the lists at all, seeing that the chancellor had arranged to borrow most of the money in America. In any case, the fact might have been made clearer in the prospectus, which was a misleading document. When an issue is already half subscribed, even by powerful American insurance companies, it is usual to state the fact. The stock exchange committee may recall this when the quotations come to be considered."

The Financial News refers to the United States as "the world's new banker."

IS THIS A CASE OF ABORTION?

Ugly Circumstances Surrounding the Death of Della Gaines Are Being Investigated.

MAN IN THE CASE DECAMPS

For Parts Unknown Immediately Upon the Death of the Girl—A Post-Mortem Held.

What is said to be a genuine case of abortion came to light yesterday in the mysterious death of Della Gaines, a young girl whose home is in Metz, a small town near Mannington, at 1 o'clock yesterday morning. From all appearances it seems to be a case of death due to a criminal operation, supposed to have been performed several weeks ago.

The girl is known to have gone to the Smaltzer home, opposite the Exchange bank, on Main street, last May with a man giving his name as Wilson, and claiming to be man and wife. It develops that the girl left home with the man several months ago. He claimed to be an old man, and the girl seemed to be very devoted to him. About five weeks ago they left the city and remained away nearly two weeks. It was then the criminal operation is supposed to have been performed, as the girl was very sick when she returned and continued to grow weaker each day, until yesterday, when she died.

Dr. Best stated yesterday that he was first summoned to treat the girl on the 26th of July. This was in the morning, and on the afternoon of the same day he summoned Dr. W. C. Etzler for a consultation. He called again on the evening of the same day. On July 31 Dr. A. B. Tubbs, of Bridgeport, was summoned. On August 1 Dr. Etzler made another call in company with Dr. Best. The patient then showed symptoms of blood poisoning. Dr. Tubbs was with her each night, excepting Thursday of last week, since he was first summoned, and was also with her when she died.

Coroner Schultze was notified, and had the body removed to Foster & Watkins' undertaking establishment, where an autopsy was held over the remains last evening. Drs. Magrill and W. C. Armbricht conducted the examination, assisted by Drs. Ridgeway, Etzler and Best. They made a thorough examination of the remains, but would give out nothing regarding the result of the examination.

As soon as sufficient evidence can be secured Coroner Schultze will empanel a jury and hold an inquest. Wilson left for parts unknown as soon as the girl died, but it is likely he will be intercepted before he can have gone far.

Dr. Best said last night that he saw something was wrong when he was first called in attendance upon the girl, and would have preferred withdrawing, but could not do so then.

YOUNG McNASH RETURNS.

He Was Not Lost, Strayed or Stolen, But Just Took a Trip Up to Pittsburgh, and Returned Last Night.

Some excitement was created yesterday by the disappearance of young A. J. McNash, son of Mrs. A. J. McNash. The boy, who is fourteen years of age, was last seen near the Sixteenth street "merry-go-round" Tuesday evening. His mother entered information at police headquarters yesterday, and the entire force was engaged in a hunt for the missing lad, but without success. However, on the 10 o'clock Baltimore & Ohio train last night, young McNash turned up safe and sound, after a trip to Pittsburgh. He was surprised to learn that his disappearance had caused such excitement.

In Clerk Robertson's Office.

Yesterday, in Clerk Robertson's office the following were recorded:

Deed, made August 8, 1900; by O. L. Zane to Otto Walden; consideration, \$500; transfers lot 4 in O. L. Zane's Grandview addition.

Deed, made July 20, 1900; by Boggs' Run Mining and Manufacturing Company to William Kraft; consideration, \$132; transfers a piece of ground in the Eighth ward.

Deed, made August 8, 1900; by Lawrence Skelley to Sallie H. Taney; consideration, \$1,800; transfers part of lot 9 in square 22, of Belleaire addition.

A Marching Club.

The president of the Ritchie district Republican club has called a meeting of that organization for 7:30 o'clock this evening, at its club rooms. The object of the meeting is to organize a marching club. A full turnout of the members is earnestly requested.

In Justice Greer's Court.

In Justice Greer's court yesterday, the case of Maggie Burke, arrested on a warrant sworn out by Michael Finnegan, charging her with breach of the peace, was heard. Finnegan alleged she used profane language toward him, and Squire Greer placed her under a bond to keep the peace for one year in the sum of \$100.

Hearing Postponed.

The hearing of Virginia Wesley, who was arrested on a warrant sworn out by Laura Wesley, who charged her with breach of the peace and the use of profanity, was to be heard before Justice Fitzpatrick yesterday, but the hearing was postponed until Monday. The parties in the case are colored.

His Life Was Saved.

Mr. J. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Hannibal, Mo., lately had a wonderful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he says: "I was taken with typhoid fever, that ran into pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't even sit up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected soon die of consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Life Pills. One bottle gave great relief. I continued to use it, and now am well and strong. I can't say too much in its praise." This marvelous medicine is the surest and quickest cure in the world for all throat and lung trouble. Regular sizes 50 cents and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at Logan Drug Co.'s drug store; every bottle guaranteed.

McFADDEN'S.

YOU WOULDN'T FEEL SO WARM in a pair of our cool Low Cut Shoes that we are selling at reduced prices.

75c Cool Tennis Shoes for..... 48c
\$1.50 Low Cut Shoes for..... 95c
\$2.40 Low Cut Shoes for..... \$1.48
\$3.60 Low Cut Shoes for..... \$1.98

McFADDEN'S SHOE STORE,
1316 to 1322 Market Street, Wheeling.

STILL SEEKING BOTTOM

Is the Ohio River, the Marks Wednesday Showing But 2 Feet 4 Inches and Still Falling—Light Draft Packets in Trouble.

The Ohio river continues its bottom-seeking performance, the marks Wednesday at 6 p. m., showing but 2 feet 4 inches and still falling. As there is no rain anywhere along the headwater streams it is likely that the river will continue falling and cause the entire suspension of navigation, even by the Big Sandy light-drafters.

The Avalon, running in the Queen City's place, departed at 9 o'clock last night for Cincinnati, towing two lighters. Even with this precaution she will likely experience trouble in getting out of the upper river.

The Leroy has found it impossible to continue in the Clarington trade, and has had to cancel several excursion dates, including that for the I. O. O. F. lodges of Wheeling to-morrow. The F. A. Goebel is trying to take care of the Leroy's trade, but the stage of water is scant even for that small packet.

The Cricket, a new light-drafter, built by Captain Gordon Green to run in the Greenwood's place in the Charleston and Pittsburgh trade during low water, is expected up this morning, and will endeavor to go through to Pittsburgh, but it is not likely that she will be able to pass the Sisters.

The Telephone will run in the Wheeling and Matamoras trade during the low water.

The H. K. Bedford will be here to-day for Parkersburg, clearing at 11 a. m.

The steamer Cricket, which was built for the low water trade by Captain Gordon Greene draws only about a foot of water, and it is thought that she will not have any trouble in getting around the Greenwood, which is aground at Duff.

The towboat George Shiras, which is being rebuilt at Parkersburg, is nearing completion. The hull of the boat has been planked and decking is now being put on. The river combination will not build any new boats this season, and the present policy of repairing the old ones will be continued. Most of the boats of the company are now in first class condition, ready for a good season's work.

Horner Sinks Coal.

CINCINNATI, August 8.—The H. F. Frisbee was sent from here with several empty barges, and will get a steam shovel at New Albany and take them to the wreck made by the Raymond Horner, at Uniontown, below Evansville. Two coal boats were sunk and one stranded. The M. P. Wells was let into the river from the Covington docks last evening. The City of Pittsburgh is now carrying about 700 passengers each trip between here and Louisville.

Pittsburgh River News.

PITTSBURGH, August 8.—A twelve-foot stage of water in the Ohio river would enable the Monongahela River Consolidated Coal and Coke Company to start probably 15,000,000 bushels of coal to the lower markets. The company has been busy the past two months loading all of its available craft and within a few weeks all of its empty craft in the Monongahela river will be filled with black diamonds. The rivermen are hopeful that there will be a rise soon, for if there is no rise within a few weeks many of the boat yards along the Monongahela river will have to suspend operations, and this means idleness for the men employed in them.

The mines have been running to their full capacity. There is a very fair supply of coal in the south, enough, it is said, to last for several months, and there is generally a rise in October or November, and sometimes it comes in September. There are a great many coal boats loaded with coal, and come of these have been held here for several months, but under the present system of pumping fleets, it is said that the coal can be kept here just as cheap as it can be held at Cincinnati or elsewhere.

Two tow boats are now on their way from Louisville to New Orleans with coal tows to replenish that market, where the demand for coal never was better.

Major Charles F. Powell has recommended the government to rebuild locks Nos. 1, 4 and 5 on the Monongahela river. The dams are nearly worn out. Attention has been called to the rotten condition of the sheeting on most of the dams. It is said that it will require about \$500,000 to make the contemplated improvements.

River Telegrams.

OIL CITY—River 3 inches and falling. Clear and warm.

BROWNSVILLE—River 4 feet 5 inches and rising.

GREENSBORO—River 7 feet and stationary. Fair and hot.

MORGANTOWN—River 7 feet and stationary. Clear and warm.

PITTSBURGH—River 2 1/2 feet and falling. Clear and hot.

PARKERSBURG—Ohio river 3 feet and falling. Weather cloudy and hot. Up: Duffy and Cricket. Down: Bartlett. Little Kanawha falling. Locals on time.

STEUBENVILLE—River 2 feet 1 inch and falling. Weather clear and warm. Down: Telephone.

WARREN—River at low water mark. Clear and warm.

A Powder Mill Explosion.

Removes everything in sight; so do drastic mineral pills, but both are mighty dangerous. Don't dynamite the delicate machinery of your body with calomel, croton oil or aloes pills, when Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are gentle as a summer breeze, do the work perfectly. Cures Headache, Constipation. Only 25c at Logan Drug Co.'s drugstore.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

TO THE SEASHORE

The Midnight Baltimore & Ohio Train Took 151 Wheelingites to Atlantic City—Others Go To-day.

The biggest excursion of the season on the Baltimore & Ohio left the city on a special through train at 11:25 o'clock this morning. There were 151 passengers on the train, and including the number that will go to-day it is probable that two hundred persons will have taken advantage of the cheap rate to the seashore. The train consisted of three sleepers, three coaches and a baggage car. In the party were Messrs. Mary Manion, Stella Wendel, Emma and Etta Dittman, Ada Weyrick, Vera Weyrick, Lizzie Counihan, Margaret O'Kane, Agnes Nesbitt, Jessie Chapman, Inez and Edna Smith; Messrs. Fred Wincher, Will Chambers, Robert McCabe, Jesse Chapman, John Daller, George Bowman, George Gundling, John Bailey, George Delbrugge, Tom Paris, Fred Wincher, Dr. Wilson, Hal Hawkins, Will Schenckler, Dr. Etzler, John H. Friedel, Fred Poole, Jacob W. Grubb, General Alfred Caldwell, Robert Bowman, George Helde, James A. Bailey, Fred Wilson, George McCoy, August Vogel, Will Zeigenfelder, Fred Anderson, B. Sauer, Matthew McNabb, Colonel James Parker, William Riley, Fred Wooster, George Gundling, William Geraghty, Mrs. L. S. Reed, Mrs. Wendel, Mrs. John Sweeney and son, Thomas and daughter, Mrs. Pat and Grace, Mrs. Marie Wendel, Charles Schindler and wife, Mrs. David J. W. McFadden and wife, Mrs. John B. Garden and family, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Schaefer and daughters, Mr. and Mrs. Etzler, George Friedel and wife, H. Andrews and wife, Thomas Hawley and wife, D. N. Koen and family, Mrs. G. Davis, Mrs. August Miller and many others.

BEA WOOD.

News Notes From the Busy Marshall County Town.

Frank and Charles O'Donnell, the boys who went to McKeesport to accept positions in a mill there some time ago, have returned home. It appears the boys left home against their parents' wishes, and when they sent home for clothes they were refused. This brought them back, as they had taken only one suit of clothes along with them.

Word has been received here that Paul Riedel was arrested at Merriam, in Germany, and brought before the military court at that place. Mr. Riedel left Germany at the age of eighteen, the age at which all Germans are required to begin service in the army. As soon as he can prove that he is an American citizen he will be released.

A horse driven by Mrs. Joseph Koehler became frightened at a passing motor, near Doggs' run, yesterday morning, and greatly frightened the occupants of the buggy by cutting up a few capers. He was quieted before any damage was done.

Notices have been posted at the Riverside announcing that the two heating furnaces at the A mill will go on next Monday. This resumption will involve about 200 men, and will be good news to the people of this place.

Prof. Llewellyn Williams, of Wheeling, is making arrangements for a musical concert to be given at the Pabst hall on the 27th of the month. He expects to have a chorus of forty-four voices.

A boy named George Adlesburg was arrested Tuesday evening for bathing in a nude condition at the ferry landing. He was let go after promising never to repeat the act.

Charles Springer has returned from a three weeks' sojourn in Colorado. He visited Cripple Creek, Pike's Peak and other points of interest out there.

Mrs. Samuel Hunter and Miss Nellie Linberger leave for the camp grounds to-day, where they will spend a month's vacation.

Evening Star Lodge No. 18, K. of P. and Lincoln Lodge No. 43, I. O. O. F., will each take a \$500 share in the new bank.

Dr. J. W. McDonald was in Moundsville yesterday attending the meeting of the district pension board.

Many persons from this place will attend the Meister's Band concert at the camp grounds this evening.

A. D. Ayers, of Hundred, who has been the guest of friends here, returned home yesterday.

Miss Alice Hoyt returned from a month's stay at the camp grounds yesterday.

William Bowers has returned from a week's stay with friends in Pittsburgh. Vincent Byrnes has returned from a visit with relatives at St. Marys.

Claud Noel is spending his vacation at